

Progress and Way Forward

Jurisdiction Approach

- A government administrative area
- Led by an authority with the power to govern and to apply the law
- Involve multi-stakeholders to define a common goal
- The advantage: address systemic issues at wider scale

Theory of Change



1

Multi-stakeholder dialogues



2

Governance for implementation



3 Monitoring system



4

Incentive system

Seruyan, Central Kalimantan Jurisdiction Work Streams

1. Establishment of the jurisdictional platform towards sustainability

2. Protection of High Conservation Value areas

3. Reducing Deforestation (Protection of and High Carbon Stock Areas)

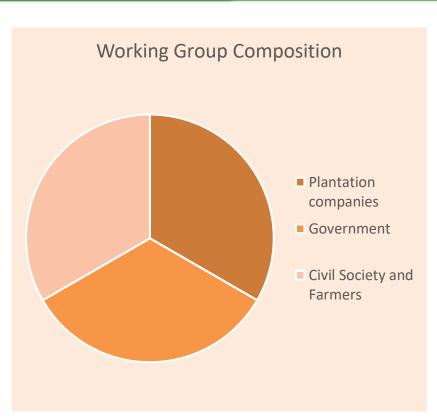
4. Prevention of social conflicts in commodity production

5. Empowerment of farmers, indigenous people and local communities



1 Jurisdiction Platform

- The Working Group for Jurisdiction Certification to remove barriers to certification
- Involve multistakeholders in oil palm supply chain e.g. Government agencies, plantation companies, and CSO
- To define common goals and strategies to achieve sustainability
- Working group is on going process in Kotawaringin Barat





Protection & Rehabilitation Plan



Area for development based on RSPO

HCV assessment – existing plantations

Planning

Control

HCV assessment – new plantations Implementation

HCV Management plan Monitoring

Monitoring

1. Plan toManage &ProtectEnvironment

2. Strategic
Environmental
Assessment to
insert in the
Spatial Plan

3. Five year development plan (RPJMD)

4. Online monitoring system

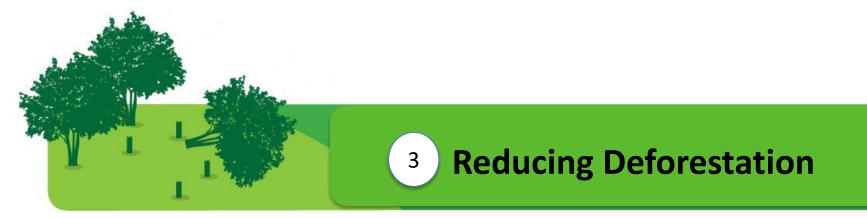
Jurisdiction



Protection & Rehabilitation Plan



 An analyses on environmental carrying capacity is being undertaken by District Environmental Agencies. The results will be a base for development planning instruments (RPPLH, RPJMD, KLHS)



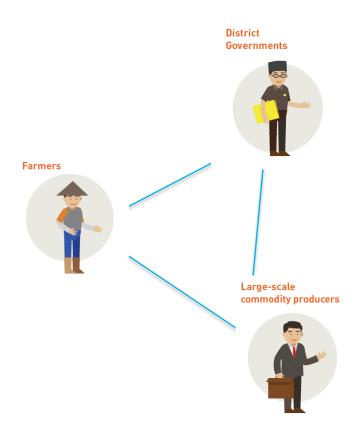
- Aligning with the national commitment to UNFCCC
- Protection of HCS is embedded into the REDD+ strategy Central Kalimantan
- Registering the jurisdiction work into the National Registry System of REDD+



Reducing Social Conflicts



- SOP for conflict prevention & resolution to reduce conflict at jurisdictional scale
- SOP for FPIC to be integrated in the permitrelated regulation
- On-line system for conflict monitoring
- Not started yet in Kotawaringin Barat





Empowering Smallholders



- 1946 farmers (3186 hectares) mapped in Kotawaringin Barat District up to 2018
- Between 2017 2019, 928 farmers in 3 villages with more than 2100 hectares in Kotawaringin Barat are certified by RSPO



Jurisdiction Platform

Draft of the District Decree on the Working Group is on going process to be finalized.

The WG consist of 33 members representing government agencies, oil palm companies, and civil society organizations. They will be responsible for implementing the 5 works streams as mentioned in the decree.





Protection & Rehabilitation Plan (HCV/HCS)

Conducting environmental carrying capacity study on which development plan instruments (e.g. KLHS and RPPLH) will be based (District Environment Agency)

Priorities are given to issue: (1) water provisioning, (2) food provisioning, (3) water regulation, (4) water purification, (5) flood mitigation, (6) landslide mitigation, (7) fire mitigation, (8) biodiversity

environmental carrying capacity can be linked to HCV/HCS approach i.e. HCV 1-4 on species diversity, landscape-level ecosystems, habitat, and ecosystem services



Protection & Rehabilitation Plan

Rencana perlindungan hutan dengan nilai konservasi tinggi yang ada di dalam RPJMD Kab. Kotawaringin Barat:

a.

b.

С.



Rencana perlindungan hutan dengan nilai konservasi tinggi yang ada di dalam RPJMD Kab. Kotawaringin Barat:

d.

е



Reducing Deforestation

Restoration e.g. Unilever project targeting 200 ha of degraded land in 5 villages in Kotawaringin Barat and Seruyan to be restored. Early steps include site selection and baseline study on biophysics and socio-economic of the targeted villages

Rencana restorasi eksosistem (hutan, lahan gambut, dll.) yang ada di dalam RPJMD Kab. Kotawaringin Barat

a.



Rencana restorasi eksosistem (hutan, lahan gambut, dll.) yang ada di dalam RPJMD Kab. Kotawaringin Barat:

b.

C

d.



Reducing Social Conflicts

Develop SOP on conflict prevention and resolution (lesson learned from Seruyan District)



Empowering Smallholders

Supporting smallholders surveillance

Pre-certification activities for 2,500 independent smallholder farmers certitication e.g. mapping farm plots, setting up farmer groups, STDB registration, setting up an internal control system (ICS) for farmers, and village baseline surveys (for Kotawaringin Barat and Seruyan)

Develop collaboration with Forest Management Unit e.g. honey bee cultivation training for smallholders: 13 groups, 700 households, > 11,000 hectares

Terima kasih